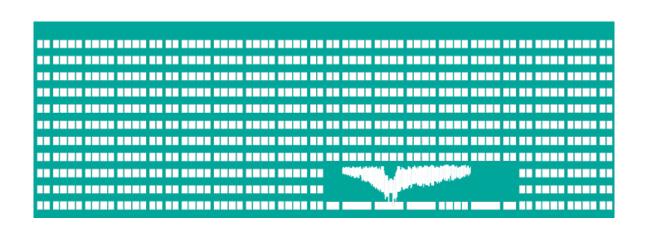
# **Access Control Lists** (ACL)



#### **Computer networks Seminar 12**

#### **ACL**

- Packet filtering rules (stateless)
  - Based on layer header (2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> layer)
  - Passing the rules from first to last
  - In the case of matched rule the rest is skipped
- Choosing the interface which ACL is stuck to.
  - Inbound interface no need to route dropped packets
  - Outbound interface uniform processing regardless of packet source
- Closing rule
  - Drop all implicit; what is not allowed it is denied
  - Let all through possible to be set manually, atypical
- It is always needed to allow a backward direction (SRC↔DST)!

#### **ACL** creation

- When creating ACL, we have to answer these question first:
  - To filter on incoming or outgoing traffic, from/to router?
  - Which router interface should be selected?
  - What protocols will be allowed, from where to where, what are their port numbers?
  - Is it better to deny something and allow the rest, or the opposite?

 Deny all traffic which is not addressed to VPN concentrator 40.0.0.1.

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#### **Out-going direction**

Order	Allow/ deny	Protocol	Source IP	Source port	Destination IP	Destin. port
1	permit	IP	*		40.0.0.1	
2	deny	IP	*		*	

#### In-going direction

Order	Allow/ deny	Protocol	Source IP	Source port	Destination IP	Destin. port
1	permit	IP	40.0.0.1		*	
2	deny	IP	*		*	

• Allow DNS and HTTP(S) protocols to Internet

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Order	Permit/ deny	Protocol	Source IP	Source port	Destination IP	Destin. Port
1	permit	UDP	*	*	*	53
2	permit	TCP	*	*	*	53
3	permit	TCP	*	*	*	80
4	permit	TCP	*	*	*	443
5	deny	IP	*		*	

#### **In-going direction**

Order	Permit/ deny	Protocol	Source IP	Source port	Destination IP	Destin. Port
1	permit	UDP	*	53	*	*
2	permit	TCP	*	53	*	*
3	permit	TCP	*	80	*	*
4	permit	TCP	*	443	*	*
5	deny	IP	*		*	

#### **Defining ACL entries on CISCO**

- access-list <ACL n.> {permit|deny}
   <protocol> <source\_IP> <wildcard\_mask>
   [<source\_port>] <destination\_IP>
   <wildcard\_mask> [<destination\_port>]
   [protocol dependent parameters]
  - Wildcard mask says, which address bit should be ignored and which not
    - 0=compare, 1=ignore
    - "Inverse subnet mask"
  - TCP, UDP port: {eq|gt|It} <port number>
  - Protocol dependent parameters
    - ICMP message types (echo, echo-reply, ...)
    - If TCP session has to be already established (established)

#### Syntactic shortcuts

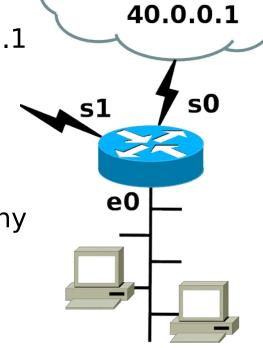
- any
  - any IP address + wildcard mask
     255.255.255.255
  - \*
- host X.X.X.X
  - IP address X.X.X.X + wildcard mask 0.0.0.0
- Example:
  - permit tcp host 158.196.100.100 any eq 80

### Assigning ACL to an interface

- interface <interfae>
   ip access-group <acl n.> {in|out}
- ACL is assigned to particular interface by identification number
  - in filters the traffic coming to the inteface (entering the router)
  - out filters the traffic going from interface (leaving the router)

 Deny all traffic which is not addressed to ISP proxy server 40.0.0.1.

- Outgoing direction
  - access-list 101 permit ip any host 40.0.0.1
  - interface e0
    - ip access-group 101 in
- Incoming direction
  - access-list 102 permit ip host 40.0.0.1 any
  - interface e0
    - ip access-group 102 out



- Allow DNS and HTTP(S) protocols to Internet
- Outgoing direction
  - access-list 103 permit udp any any eq 53
  - access-list 103 permit tcp any any eq 53
  - access-list 103 permit tcp any any eq 80
  - access-list 103 permit tcp any any eq 443
- Incoming direction
  - access-list 104 permit udp any eq 53 any
  - access-list 104 permit tcp any eq 53 any established
  - access-list 104 permit tcp any eq 80 any established
  - access-list 104 permit tcp any eq 443 any established

 Deny ICMP traffic for network 10.0.20.0/24 except usage of command ping to public network

- Deny ICMP traffic for network 10.0.20.0/24 except usage of command ping to public network
- Outgoing direction
  - access-list 105 permit icmp
    10.0.20.0 0.0.0.255 any echo
  - access-list 105 deny icmp
    10.0.20.0 0.0.0.255 any
  - access-list 105 permit ip any any
- Incoming direction
  - access-list 106 permit icmp any 10.0.20.0 0.0.0.255 echo-reply
  - access-list 106 deny icmp
    any 10.0.20.0 0.0.0.255
  - access-list 106 permit ip any any

 Allow the access from outside to POP3 servers in network 100.70.20.40/30 and to SMTP server 100.70.20.45

- Allow the access from outside to POP3 servers in network 100.70.20.40/30 and to SMTP server 100.70.20.45
- Outgoing direction
  - access-list 107 permit tcp 100.70.20.40 0.0.0.3 eq 110 any
     established
  - access-list 107 permit tcp host 100.70.20.45 eq 25 anyestablished
  - access-list 107 permit tcp host 100.70.20.45 any eq 25
  - (rules allowing the access to DNS servers should follow)
- Incoming direction
  - access-list 108 permit tcp any 100.70.20.40 0.0.0.3 eq 110
  - access-list 108 permit tcp any host 100.70.20.45 eq 25
  - access-list 108 permit tcp any eq 25 host 100.70.20.45established
    - (rules allowing the access to DNS servers should follow)

## ACL - example 5+6

 Avoid the packets to leave private network 192.168.0.0/16

 Avoid faked packets of network 192.168.0.0/16 from the outside to enter private network (antispoofing filter)

### ACL - example 5+6

- Avoid the packets to leave private network 192.168.0.0/16
  - (Just) outgoing direction
    - access-list 109 deny ip 192.168.0.0
      0.0.255.255 any
    - access-list 109 permit ip any any
- Example 6
  - (Just) incoming direction
    - access-list 110 deny ip 192.168.0.0
      0.0.255.255 any
    - access-list 110 permit ip any any